Executive Cotton Update

U.S. Macroeconomic Indicators & the Cotton Supply Chain



December 2025 www.cottoninc.com

Macroeconomic Overview: The government shutdown ended November 12th, but many data streams are still facing delays. This month's employment report is an example. It generally is released on the first Friday of the month but was postponed until December 16th and that was the reason this month's Executive Cotton Update was published later than usual.

On December 10th, the Federal Reserve decided to lower interest rates by a quarter percentage point. Since August 2024, the Fed has cut rates a total of 1.75 percentage points (from 5.25-5.50% to 3.50-3.75%). In statements following their meeting, Fed Chair Jerome Powell indicated that, "In the near term, risks to inflation are tilted to the upside and risks to employment to the downside—a challenging situation. There is no risk-free path for policy as we navigate this tension between our employment and inflation goals."

Participants of the Federal Open Market Committee (FOMC) that determines rate policy offered differing views on the outlook for further rate cuts. The median projection suggested one rate cut in 2026. Seven of the nineteen individual members indicated rates should hold at least at their current level next year, while there were eight forecasters that proposed more than one (quarter point) rate cut and one member that indicated rates could be as low as 2.00-2.25% next year.

Relative to current economic conditions, Federal Reserve comments indicated that consumer spending remained solid and business investment was expanding while the housing sector remains weak. The National Retail Federation (NRF) reports that the number of consumers that shopped in the five days around the Thanksgiving holiday (Thanksgiving Thursday through the Sunday after) set a new record (202.9 million). Increases in shopper numbers were recorded for both in-person and online shopping. Adobe analytics indicated that shopping activity on Cyber Monday (the Monday after the Thanksgiving holiday) was up 7.1% year-over-year and set a new record.

Other indicators reflect the concerns mentioned by the Federal Reserve. The latest reading for the overall CPI suggested prices increased +3.0% year-over-year in September. Job growth has slowed, with gains in recent months describing a definitive slowdown in hiring since the spring. While there has not been a definitive uptick in layoffs (as represented by initial claims for unemployment insurance), the unemployment rate has been edging higher.

Employment: Due to the shutdown and its effects on data collection, there will not be a report on job gains or unemployment for October. In November, the U.S. economy was estimated to have added +64,000 positions. Revisions for previous months (August and September, no October data), resulted in a net reduction of -33,000 positions relative to existing estimates (-22,000 in August to -26,000 and -11,000 to +108,000 in September). Following these updates, the average monthly change in jobs since May is +37,000. Over the previous twelve months (May 2024 to April 2025), the average monthly change was +150,000.

The unemployment rate in November was 4.6%. In September, the unemployment rate was 4.4%. In November 2024, the rate was 4.2%. Monthly averages for initial claims in unemployment insurance (weekly data) have been holding steady near 220,000 claims/week.

Average wage growth slowed in November to +3.5% year-over-year. The latest decrease continues a downtrend that has been in place since a peak was formed in May 2022. While higher than most levels posted in the decade after the financial crisis, the latest reading is the lowest going back to 2021.

Consumer Confidence & Spending: The Conference Board Consumer Confidence Index® decreased -6.8 points in November to 88.7. Recent levels have been below the general range between 95 and 115 that contained values since 2022 and are within the range experienced with the pandemic in 2020 and 2021.

Despite some of the weakness in confidence, consumers continue to spend. The latest data from the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) indicated overall consumer spending was flat month-over-month in September, but it was up +2.1% year-over-year. Spending on clothing was down -1.2% in September, but it was up +7.2% year-over-year. Consumer spending on apparel shifted higher in early 2025. Since January, the average rate of year-over-year increase in apparel spending was +6.4%. Over the longer-term, the average rate of year-over-year growth is near two percent (average rate of year-over-year growth since 1990).

Consumer Prices & Import Data: The latest reading for the CPI for garments was +0.7% month-over-month in September. Year-over-year, average retail apparel prices were -0.3% lower.

Even with tariff increases, import volumes have not decreased dramatically. In terms of weight volume, imports May-September were down -3.6% year-over-year. Cotton apparel imports have been more stable, and were nearly flat (+0.3%).

	U.S. Macroeconomic & Cotton Supply Chain Charts								
Macroeconom	Macroeconomic Indicators		Textiles	Currencies & Cotton					
GDP Growth	Consumer Conf.	Consumer Prices	Apparel Imports	Weighted Index	Europe				
Interest Rates	Housing	Consumer Spending	U.S. Textile Production	Asia	Fiber Prices				
ISM Indices	Employment	Inventory/Sales	U.S. Textile Exports	The Americas					
Leading Indicators	Income & Savings		Polyester PPI						

Executive Cotton Update

U.S. Macroeconomic Indicators & Cotton Prices December 2025



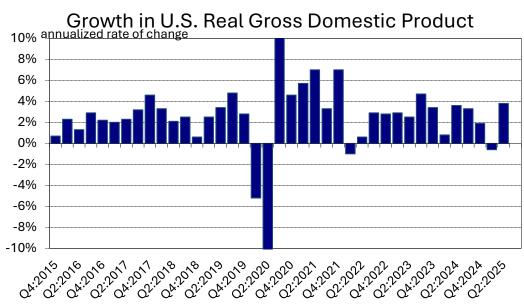
Macroeconomic Data

Quarterly Data		Recent	Averages		<u>V</u> alue	s in Recent Q	uarters		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	Q4 : 2024	Q1:2025	Q2 : 2025	Unit	Source
rowth in US Real GDP	3.1%	2.4%	-0.6%	3.8%	1.9%	-0.6%	3.8%	% Chg. Quarter/Quarter	Department of Commerce
A		B			34-1-	! . D			
Macroeconomic Series with Latest Data for November	5-year	1-year	Averages 6-month	3-month	September	ues in Recent M October	November		
SM Index of Manufacuring Activity	51.9	49.0	48.6	48.7	49.1	48.7	48.2	Index, values over 50 indicate expansion	Institute for Supply Managemen
SM Index of Manufacturing Activity	55.1	51.7	51.3	51.7	50.0	52.4	52.6	Index, values over 50 indicate expansion	Institute for Supply Managemen
Consumer Confidence	104.5	97.0	95.3	93.3	95.6	95.5	88.7	Index, 1985=100	The Conference Board
Change in Non-Farm Payrolls	286.9	94.4	41.0	86.0	108	n/a	64	Thousands of jobs	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Jnemployment Rate	4.2%	4.2%	4.3%	4.5%	4.4%	n/a	4.6%	People looking for jobs/people wanting jobs	Bureau of Labor Statistics
JS Interest Rates	4.2%	4.270	4.3%	4.5%	4.4%	II/d	4.0%	People looking for Jobs/people wanting Jobs	Bureau Of Labor Statistics
Federal Funds	3.2%	4.3%	4.2%	4.1%	4.2%	4.1%	3.9%	Interest rate	Federal Reserve
10-year Treasury Bill	3.3%	4.3%	4.2%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	4.1%	Interest rate	Federal Reserve
10-year freasury Bill	3.3%	4.5%	4.2%	4.170	4.170	4.1%	4.170	interestrate	rederal Reserve
Nacroeconomic Series with Latest Data for August		Recent	Averages		Valu	ues in Recent M	lonths		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	July	August	August	Unit	Source
ndex of Leading Economic Indicators	108.8	99.5	98.6	98.4	98.3	98.6	98.3	Index, 2016=100	The Conference Board
Housing Starts	1.5	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.3	Annual pace, millions of units	Department of Commerce
Existing Home Sales	4.8	4.1	4.0	4.0	3.9	4.0	4.0	Annual pace, millions of units	National Association of Realtors
ndustrial & Textile Data									
ndustrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for September	F		Averages	2		ues in Recent M		Unit	C
JS Industrial Production	5-year 100.3	1-year 100.8	6-month 101.3	3-month 101.4	July	August 100.0	September 101.4	Index. 2002=100	Source Federal Reserve
					100.9				
Polyester Fiber PPI	144.6	156.2	156.6	156.7	156.3	156.9	156.9	Index, December 2003=100	Bureau of Labor Statistics
ndustrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for July		Recent	Averages		Valu	ues in Recent M	lonths		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	May	June	July	Unit	Source
Bale Equivalence of US Cotton Yarn & Fabric Exports	2.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	million 480lb bales	USDA ERS
ndustrial & Textile Series with Latest Data for September		Recent	Averages		Valu	ues in Recent M	lonths		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	July	August	September	Unit	Source
US Textile Mill Inventory/Shipments Ratio	1.59	1.67	1.67	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.69	Ratio	Department of Commerce
Retail Data									
Retail Series with Latest Data for September	Recent Averages				Values in Recent Months				
tetan denes with Eurest Puta ion deptember	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	July	August	September	Unit	Source
JS Real Consumer Spending	- ,	- ,			,				
All Goods and Services	3.9%	2.9%	2.6%	2.4%	2.5%	2.6%	2.1%	% Chg. Year/Year	Department of Commerce
Clothing	8.9%	5.8%	6.9%	7.7%	7.3%	8.5%	7.2%	% Chg. Year/Year	Department of Commerce
Consumer Price Indices	3.370	3.073	0.570	,,,,	,,,,,	0.570	,,		= =
	4.5%	2.7%	2.7%	3.0%	2.7%	2.9%	3.0%	% Chg Year/Year	Bureau of Labor Statistics
		2.770			-0.4%	0.0%	-0.3%	% Chg. Year/Year	Bureau of Labor Statistics
Overall		0.2%	-O 4%						
	2.2%	0.2%	-0.4%	-0.2%	-0.4%	0.076	0.570	<u> </u>	
Overall Clothing			-0.4% : Averages	-0.2%		ues in Recent M		• ,	
Overall Clothing				-0.2% 3-month				Unit	Source
Overall Clothing Retail Series with Latest Data for August	2.2%	Recent	Averages		Valu	ues in Recent M	onths	Unit	
Overall	2.2%	Recent	Averages		Valu	ues in Recent M	onths	Unit Value of inventory over value of sales	

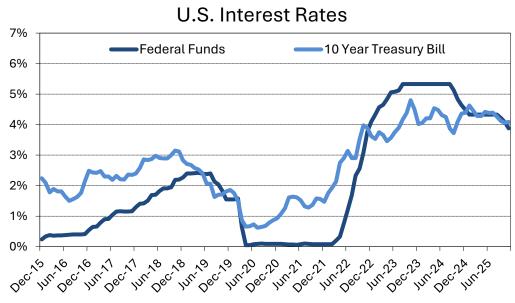
Executive Cotton Update Daily Cotton Price and Currency Data December 2025



Daily Cotton Price Data		Averages		Averag	es over Recen	t Months			
<u> </u>	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	September	October	November	Unit	Source
NY Nearby	86.3	66.0	65.0	64.2	64.7	64.5	63.2	cents/pound	ICE
A Index	97.8	77.8	77.3	76.2	77.9	76.0	75.2	cents/pound	Cotlook
Daily Currency Data		Recent Averages					t Months		
	5-year	1-year	6-month	3-month	September	October	November	Unit	Source
Dollar Trade Weighted Exchange Index	120.0	122.2	120.7	120.7	119.6	121.1	121.4	Index, January 1997=100	Federal Reserve
Asian Currencies									
Chinese Renminbi	6.92	7.15	7.15	7.11	7.12	7.12	7.10	Chinese Renminbi/US dollar	Reuters
Indian Rupee	80.92	84.27	87.37	88.21	88.06	87.83	88.74	Indian Rupee/US dollar	Reuters
Japanese Yen	135.56	146.47	148.52	150.58	146.54	150.77	154.44	Japanese Yen/US dollar	Reuters
Pakistani Rupee	239.03	278.15	282.30	281.03	281.43	281.03	280.65	Pakistani Rupee/US dollar	Reuters
North & South American Currencies									
Brazilian Real	5.30	5.31	5.41	5.34	5.31	5.43	5.28	Brazilian Real/US dollar	Reuters
Canadian Dollar	1.33	1.37	1.38	1.39	1.37	1.40	1.40	Canadian dollar/US dollar	Reuters
Mexican Peso	19.13	18.43	18.55	18.33	18.33	18.37	18.31	Mexican Peso/US dollar	Reuters
European Currencies									
British Pound	0.78	0.78	0.74	0.75	0.73	0.74	0.76	British Pound/US dollar	Reuters
Euro	0.91	0.91	0.86	0.85	0.84	0.86	0.86	Euro/US dollar	Reuters
Swiss Franc	0.90	0.87	0.80	0.79	0.79	0.80	0.79	Swiss Franc/US dollar	Reuters
Turkish Lira	23.76	31.38	41.00	41.82	41.28	41.85	42.33	Turkish Lira/US dollar	Reuters

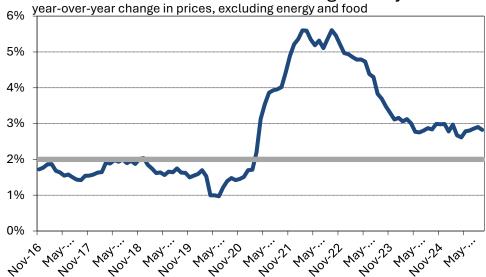


Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.



Source: Department of Commerce

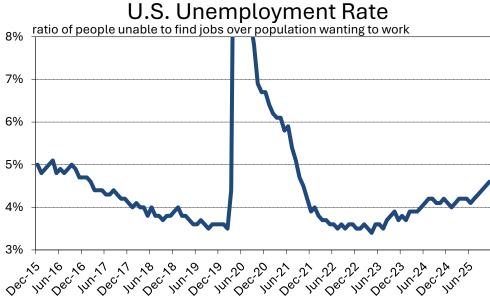
U.S. Inflation - Core Measure Targeted by the Fed



Source: Federal Reserve

Note: The Federal Reserve's official inflation target is two percent.



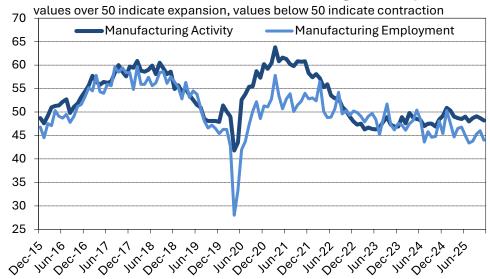


Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

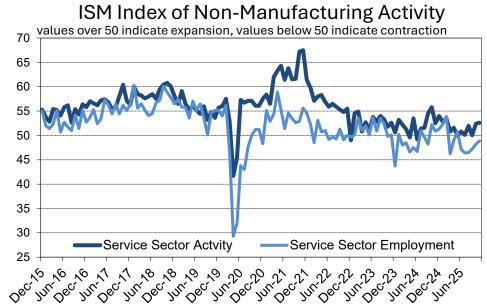
Note: In addition to price control, the Federal Reserve's mandate requires pursuit of the maximum sustainable level of employment.

Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

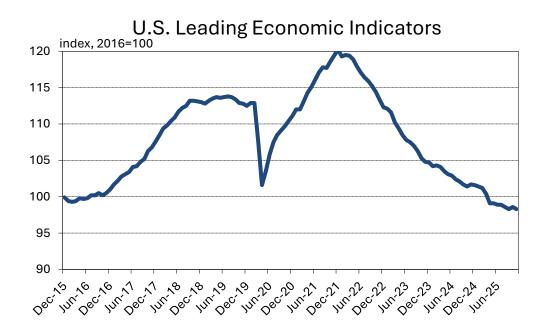
ISM Index of Manufacturing Activity



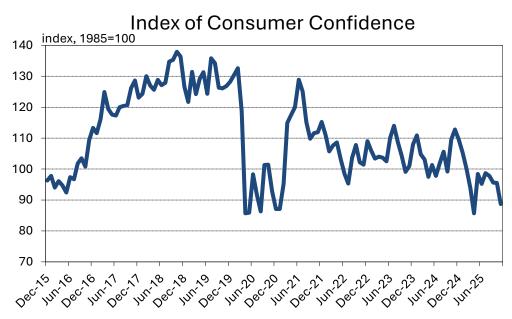
Source: Institute for Supply Chain Management



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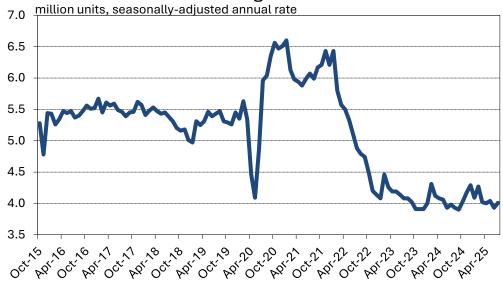
Source: The Conference Board



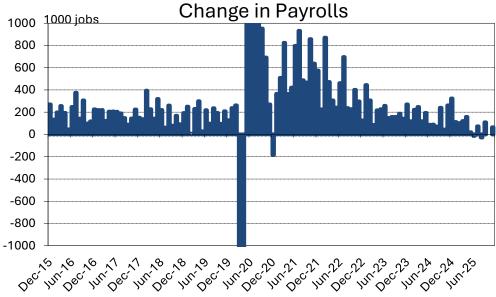
Source: The Conference Board



U.S. Existing Home Sales



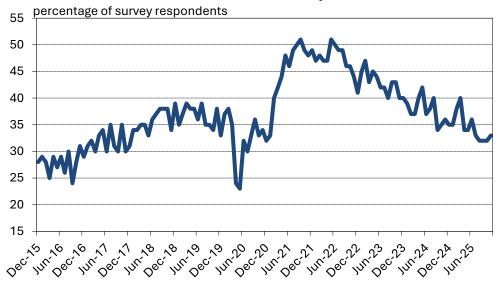
Source: Department of Commerce



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

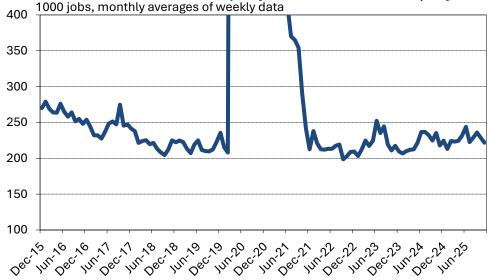
Percent of U.S. Firms with Jobs They Are Unable to Fill



Source: National Federation of Independent Business

Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

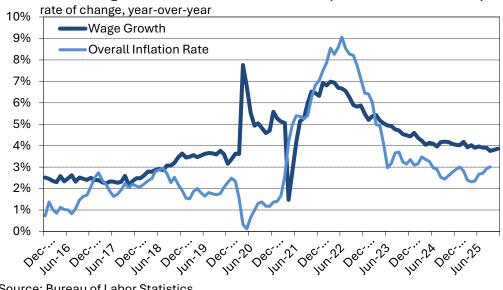
Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance (Layoffs) 1000 jobs, monthly averages of weekly data



Source: Department of Labor

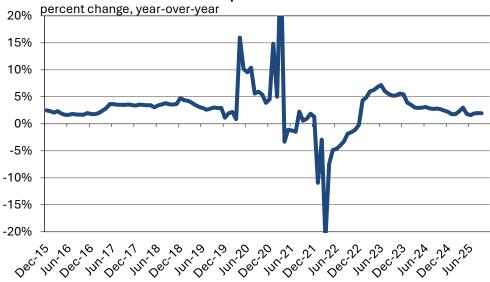
Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

U.S. Wage Growth and Inflation (CPI for All Items)



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Growth in Real Disposable Personal Income



Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

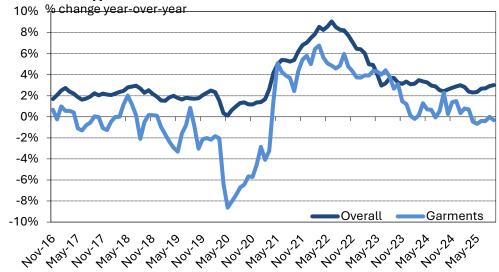
Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

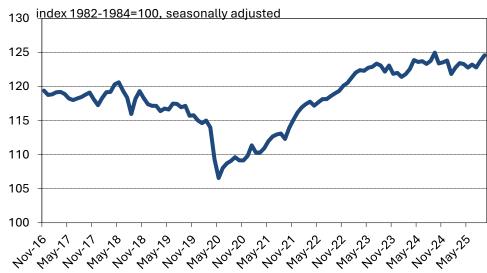
Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

Change in Consumer Prices - Overall & Garments



Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

U.S. Consumer Price Index for Garments



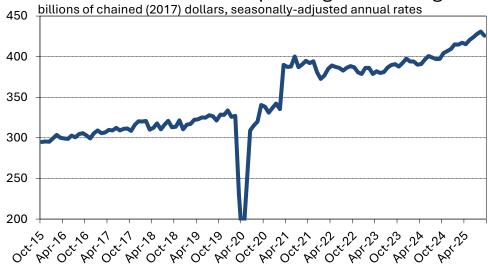
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Real Consumer Spending Growth - Overall & Apparel



Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.





Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis

Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

U.S. Retail Inventory to Sales Ratios



Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

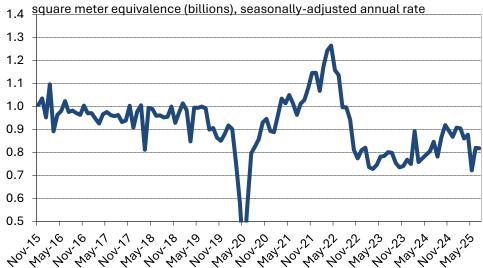
U.S. Clothing Wholesaler Inventory/Sales Ratio



Source: Department of Commerce

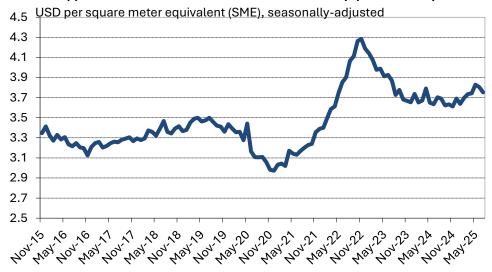
Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

U.S. Cotton-Dominant Apparel Import Volume



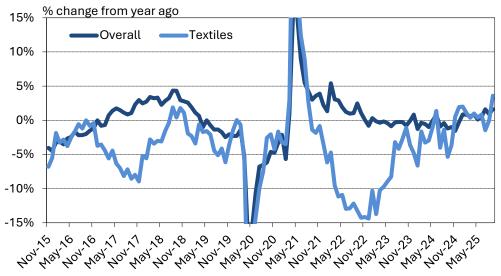
Source: OTEXA, seasonal-adjsutment by Cotton Incorporated

Average Cost of Cotton-Dominant Apparel Imports



Source: OTEXA, seasonal-adjsutment by Cotton Incorporated

U.S. Industrial Production - Overall & Textiles



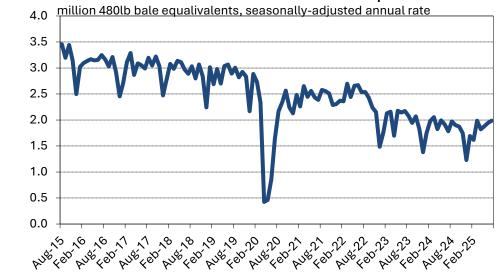
Note: Chart truncated around COVID shutdowns to highlight normal change.

U.S. Textile Mill Inventory to Shipments Ratio



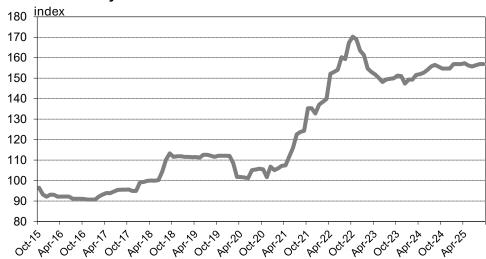
Source: Federal Reserve

US Cotton Yarn & Fabric Exports



Source: USDA

Polyester Fiber Producer's Price Index



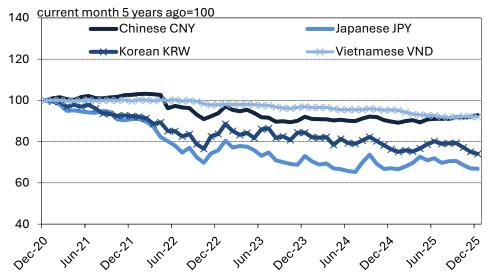
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics

Trade Weighted Exchange Index for U.S. Dollar



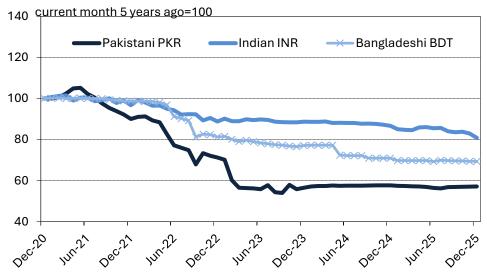
Source: Federal Reserve

East Asian Currencies versus the U.S. Dollar



Source: Reuters

South Asian Currencies versus the U.S. Dollar



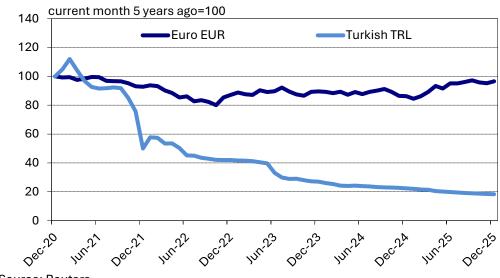
Source: Reuters

North & South American Currencies vs.U.S. Dollar



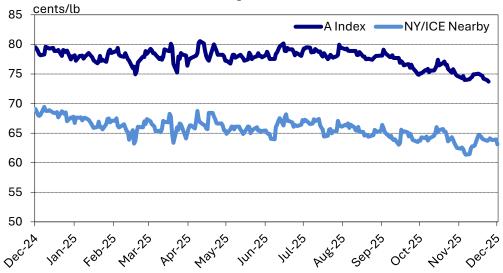
Source: Reuters

European Currencies vs. U.S. Dollar



Source: Reuters

Year of Daily Cotton Prices



Sources: Cotlook, Reuters

Note: For more information on cotton supply, demand, and prices, please refer to

the Monthly Economic Letter.