Introgression of reniform nematode immunity from *G. longicalyx* into Upland cotton (*G. hirsutum*)Cytology, Genetics & Gene Tagging



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Objectives

1. Transfer of the immunity trait to G. hirsutum

2. Determine genetic control and inheritance

3. Create resources that will expedite breeding of immune cultivars

Triple-Species Hybrids & Backcrosses

Two types of triple-species hybrids

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"HLA":
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= (G. hirsutum x G. longicalyx)² x G. armourianum

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"HH";
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= (G. hirsutum x G. herbaceum)² x G. longicalyx

Ongoing Efforts

BC₁ & BC₂ populations from G. longicalyx backcrossed to G. hirsutum

Resistance classification & Fertility screening



Chromosomal composition (metaphase I analysis)

Develop molecular markers closely linked to immunity gene





Plant Materials for Cytological Study

► BC₁ plants

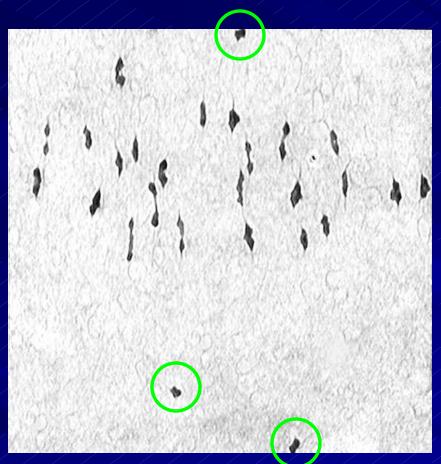
- Female-fertility tests underway for 500 malesterile BC₁ plants (unknown resistance, as yet). (Only female-fertile plants will be considered for chromosome analysis.)
- Also, ~120 male-fertile BC₁ plants currently under reniform nematode resistance test (USDA) will also be studied cytologically

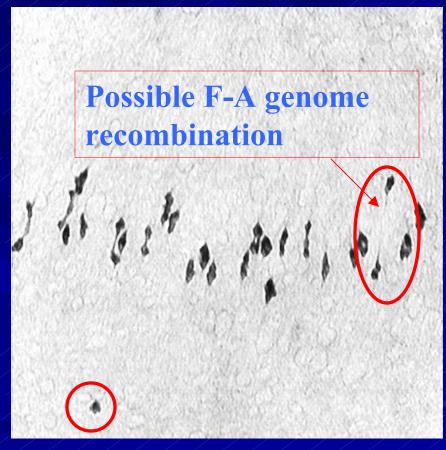
Plant Material Under Cytological Study

> BC₂ plants

- **♦** 100 fertile BC₂ plants having high resistance to reniform nematodes
- **♦** Ca. 130 fertile BC₂ plants having moderate to low reniform nematode resistance

G. longicalyx (F₁) hybridized G. hirsutum-BC₂ Monosome

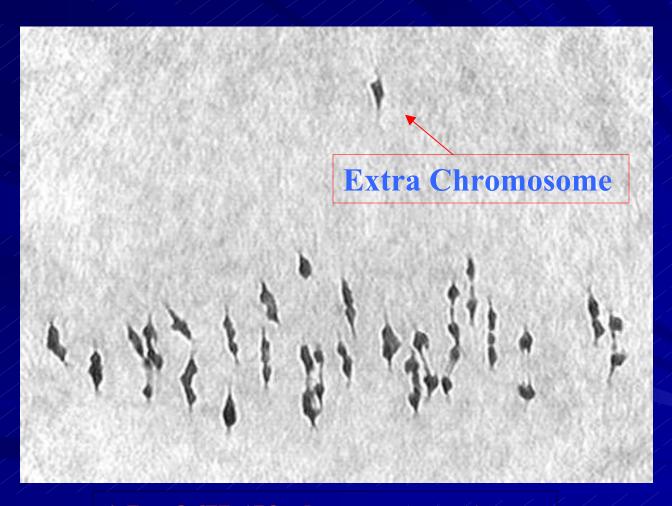




3 I + 24 II (51 chromosomes)

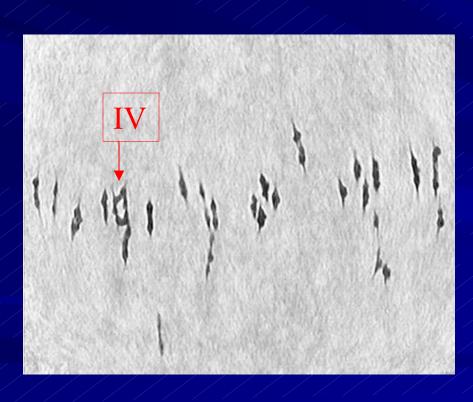
1 I)+ 25 II (51 chromosomes)

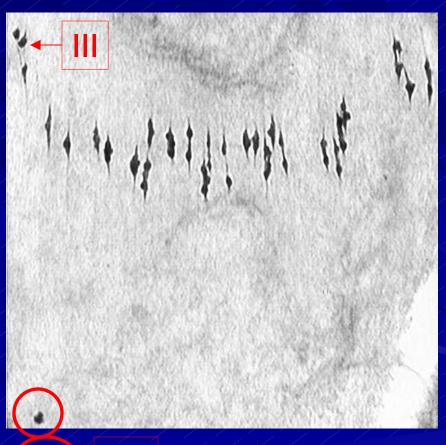
BC₂ With An Extra Alien Chromosome



1 I + 26II (53 chromosomes)

Chromosomal Translocation In Highly Resistant BC₂ Plant Cells





+1 III +24 II (52 chr.)

24 II + 1 IV (52 chr.)

Modal chromosomal type of the BC₂ population



2 I + 25 II (52 chr.)

Summary

- Approximately 80 BC₂ plants analyzed

Number of plants	Chromosomes / cell
6	53-54
10	49-51
64	52

Gene Tagging of immunityconferring genes

PURPOSE:

1. Enable marker-assisted selection to expedite development of reniform-immune cultivars

APPROACH

- 1. Bulk Segregant Analysis (BSA) -- for initial marker development, e.g., 20 most resistant and susceptible BC₂ plants
- 2. Amplified Fragment Length Polymorphism (AFLP) markers

Conclusions

- We have observed chromosome numbers approaching and equal to those of Upland cotton
- We have observed evidence of recombination and possible recombination products
- Observations suggest just one chromosome may carry the immunity factors (but more data are needed)
- INFERENCE: Introgression seems feasible
- Mapping and gene tagging for MAS seem feasible (after recovery of recombinants).