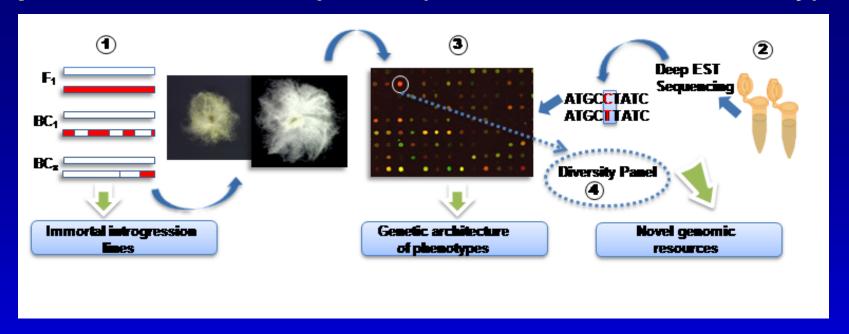
# Data search and visualization tools at the Comparative Evolutionary Genomics of Cotton Web resource

Alan R. Gingle Andrew H. Paterson Joshua A. Udall Jonathan F. Wendel

# CEGC project goals set the context

- Develop and characterize immortal introgression populations, to reduce complex morphology into defined constituents amenable to functional genomic analyses.
- Develop a novel homoeolog-specific comparative expression profiling platform using a vastly enriched EST resource.
- Reveal perturbations in genetic networks and gene expression associated with naturally occurring variation in fiber phenotypes using the introgression lines.
- Provide a foundation for understanding the effects of selection on genetic diversity in cotton.

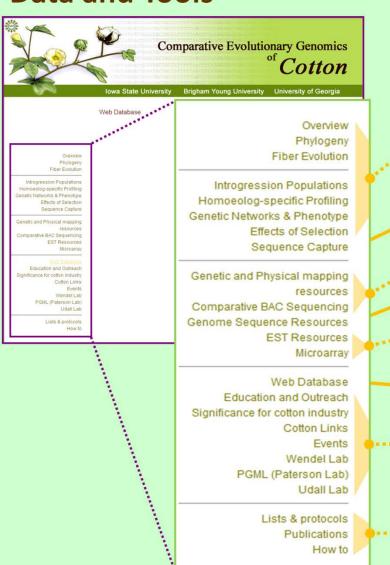
### Experimental Plan: major components and related data types



- 1. Near-isogenic introgression lines: genetic map, marker and fiber quality phenotypic data
- 2. EST sequencing & assembly: both Sanger and NGS (454) read/quality and SNP polymorphism data
- 3. Homoeolog-specific expression profiling: microarray and RNAseq
- 4. Diversity & effects of selection: microarray based sequence capture, NGS and SNP polymorphism data

### **CEGC Web overview**

#### **Data and Tools**



The CEGC search, display and download tools for cotton data are accessible via the sidebar menu shown in both the page context and magnified views.

**Overview - Effects of Selection** provide general information on our research activities, including overviews, background and strategies by topic area.

**Sequence Capture** provides eSNP and SSR diversity data/tools. *(upcoming)* 

**Genetic and Physical mapping resources** includes an implementation of CMap.

#### **Genome Sequence Resources**

**EST Resources – Microarray** provide EST assembly comparative annotation and gene expression data/tools.

**Web Database** includes a complete list of our data search and display tools.

**Education and Outreach – Udall Lab** provide outreach as well as a range of other project related information and links.

**Lists & protocols – How to** contain protocols, publications and additional information related to accessing our project deliverables.

# Search & data display tools

- A battery of search and display tools have been integrated into the CEGC Web resource.
- The available tools are listed on the site's "Web Database" page, shown on the right.
- Community developed tools like Bioconductor, CMap, GBrowse, SMD and wwwBLAST have been integrated to provide familiar views and functionality.

#### Web Database

Overview | People | Publications | Further Information | Web Statistics

#### Overview

We have developed this Web-database resource (<a href="http://cottonevolution.info">http://cottonevolution.info</a>) to provide access to project data, information and materials. It includes components and tools for each of the project focus areas. It also provides convenient access to project materials such as our spotted oligo microarrays and EST data, including new NGS read sequence and quality data. We are building upon this resource to enhance data availability, integration and presentation. Links to our developing battery of search and visualization tools are listed below.

#### EST tools:

- BLAST to our EST assembly
- Search and view our EST assemblies
- View contig-to-Arabidopsis alignments

#### Genetic and Physical Map tools:

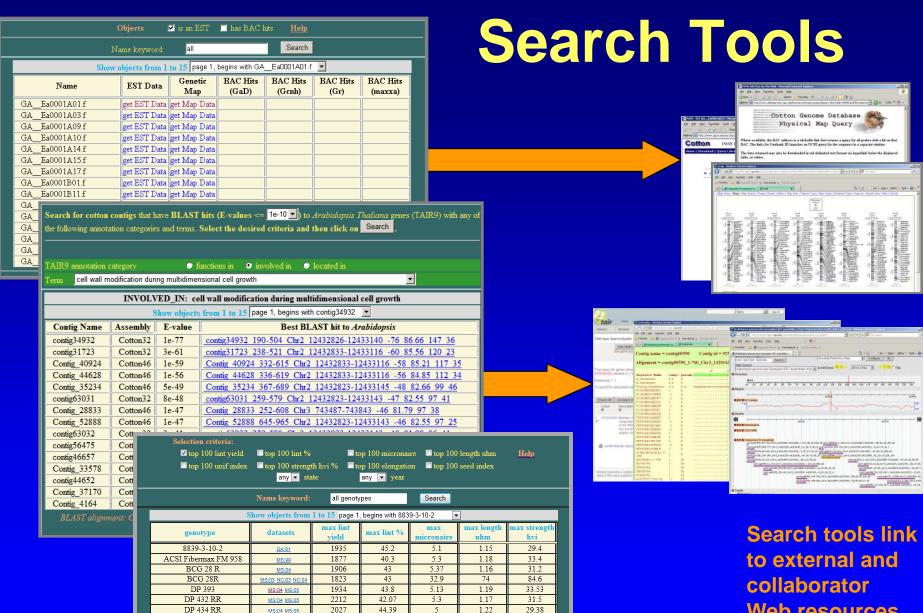
- Consensus map
- Mapped objects portal
- Physical mapping database.

#### Microarray tools:

- Arrayed objects portal
- Microarray expression database

#### Other tools:

Access to the G. raimondii draft sequence using blast or a genome browser.



4.7

5.2

4 93

5.4

53

5.33

30.83

32.67

34 57

29.43

34.27

33.3

34 77

34.4

1.17

1.17

1.21

1.21

1.27

1.22

DP 444 BG/RR

DP 445 BG/RR

DP 449 BG/RR

DP 451 BG/RR

DP 455 BG/RR

DP 488 BG/RR

DP 491

DP 494 RR

MS:04 MS:05

MS:04 MS:05

MS:04 MS:05 NC:0

2023

1911

2029

2284

2036

1905

41 35

38.68

43 92

43.25

44 19

43.36

Web resources for a wide range of data types.

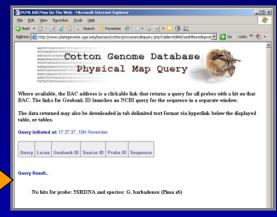
# Data displays

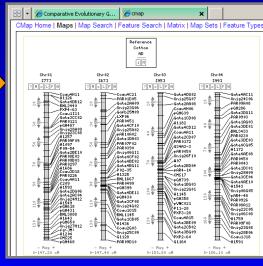
- The CEGC search tools link to collaborator implemented display tools like BACman for BAC, CMap for genetic map and GBrowse plus ContigView for EST related data.
- In addition, CEGC search interfaces link to external databases like GO, Pfam, InterPro and TAIR.
- SMD has been implemented and its data/information displays are available for microarray related expression data.

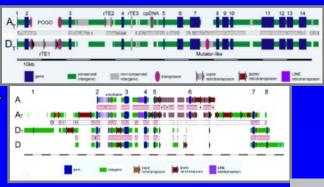
# Genetic map and BAC related resources

 Our mapped objects search tool links to BACman for hybridization data and to a CMap display for genetic map data (Paterson lab).

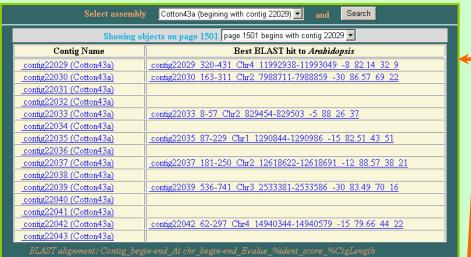
 BAC sequence alignment views are displayed in the resource's "Comparative BAC Sequencing" component.







### EST assembly

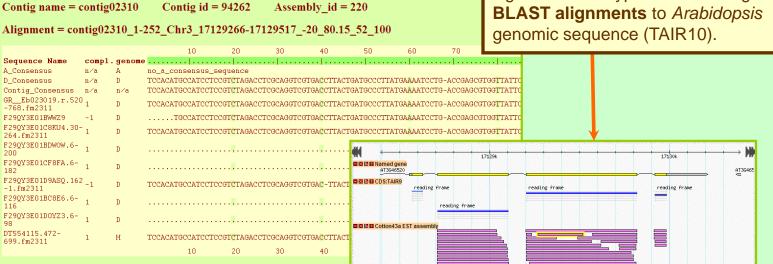


Our contig search tool facilitates searches for contig structure and significant alignments to the *Arabidopsis* genome (TAIR10).

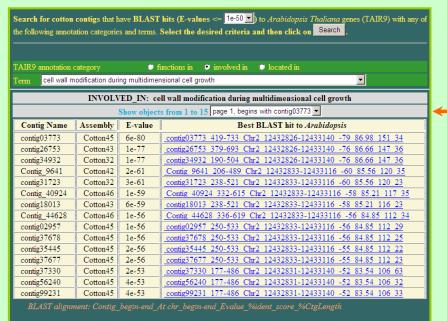
The search tool facilitates searches by assembly and contig.

**Contig structure** is displayed by the contig alignment viewer developed in the Udall lab.

The GMOD tool, GBrowse has been implemented to display significant Gossypium EST contig **BLAST alignments** to *Arabidopsis* genomic sequence (TAIR10).



### Functional annotation and expression data



New gene expression datasets, associated with a study of transcriptional responses to abiotic stresses, have been added to our microarray

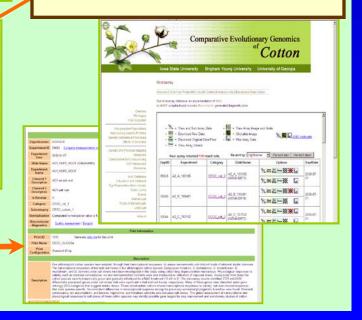
database and submitted to GEO.

BRIDGE COSTAIRS

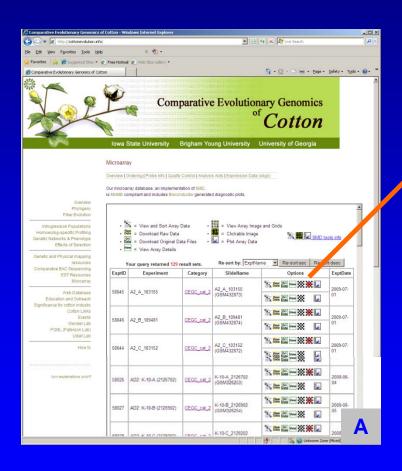
Our annotation search tool facilitates searches for Gossypium EST contigs based on *Arabidopsis* annotations (TAIR10).

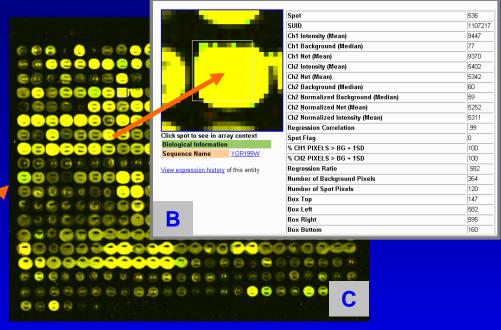
The annotation search tool employs our database, containing the TAIR10 annotations for *Arabidopsis* genes and *Arabidopsis-Gossypium* associations based on significant BLAST alignments between EST contigs and TAIR10 genes. The tool facilitates searches based on gene function, product location and associated process.

**Alignment views** are displayed via GBrowse.

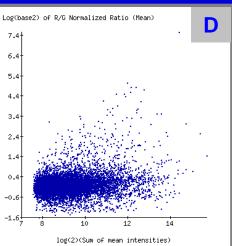


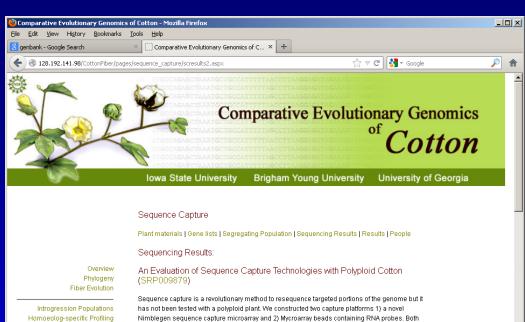
# **SMD** implementation





been implemented to provide reliable access to our microarray expression data. The SMD data selection (A), display (B,C) and plotting (D) tools are available.





# **Diversity and** polymorphism data

Nimblegen sequence capture microarray and 2) Mycroarray beads containing RNA probes. Both platforms targeted the same 534 genes. On each platform, we hybridized two different accessions to this microarray to assess capture efficiency and potential of combined sequence using DNA multiplex identifiers (MIDs).

Sequence capture of 532 selected genes from G. hirsutum (SRP009870)

Cotton (G. hirsutum) is a polyploid species native to Central America. It was domesticated by the ancient inhabitants of Central America and it was quickly adopted by Europeans with colonial agricultural technology. Initially, it was grown around the Caribbean Sea. Feral cultivars from these historical growing regions and native populations have been investigated for genetic diversity with the aim to improve modern cultivated cotton. Here, we use sequence capture to investigate nucleotide diversity within and flanking 532 selected genes from the cotton genome.

Diversity panel information and sequence capture results available from CEGC as content, downloadable spreadsheets, links to SRA and downloadable flowgram, read, trace and assembly files.

Genetic Networks & Phenotype

Genetic and Physical mapping

Comparative BAC Sequencing

Genome Sequence Resources

Effects of Selection

Sequence Capture

EST Resources

Web Database

Education and Outreach

Microarray

Download links for capture (e.g., fasta and ace) and sample specific (e.g., fasta, fastq and sff) data files are also included in the table.

MID	Forward Sequence	Capture 1	Capture 2	Capture 3	Capture 4
1	ACGAGTGCGT	TX_704	TX_1182	TX_2002	Coker_315
2	ACGCTCGACA	TX_786	TX_44	TX_2090	Cascot_L7
3	AGACGCACTC	TX_953	TX_959	TX_2091	Lkt_511
4	AGCACTGTAG	TX_1009	TX_1110	TX_2092	PM_145
5	ATCAGACACG	TX_1055	TX_1120	TX_2093	FM_958
6	ATATOGOGAG	TX_665	TX_1226	TX_2094	BR_110
7	CGTGTCTCTA	TX_2089	TX_1228	TX_2095	Maxxa
8	стововтето	TX_1037	TX_674	TX_2096	D5
9	TAGTATCAGC	TX_672	TX_1046	ARK_2402	AD3
10	TCTCTATGCG	TX_1107	TX_1982	ST825	GK
11	TGATACGTCT	TX_480	TX_1236	TX_1988	TAM
12	TACTGAGCTA	TX_1748	TX_1996	DP90	A2

We welcome your comments and suggestions.

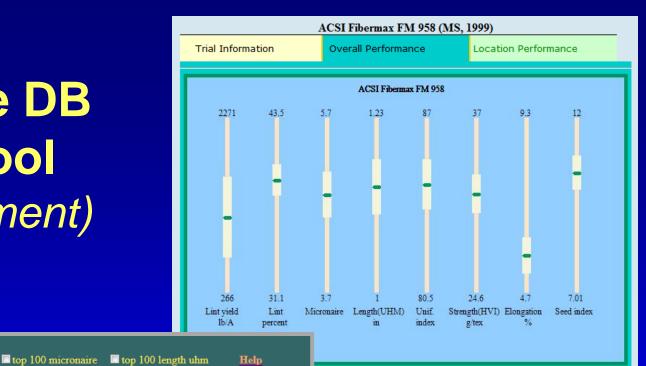
### Bulk downloads and submitted data

- Links for bulk downloads of our EST related data appear on our "Analysis Aids" page. These include EST read and quality score data. These data have also been submitted to GenBank or SRA.
- Links to BACman (PGML) for BAC related data also appear on the "How to" page.
- Microarray file downloads are handled via the SMD interfaces and datasets are also submitted to GEO.
- SNPs submitted to dbSNP.

# Phenotype DB search tool (in development)

Selection criteria:

Itop 100 lint yield □ top 100 lint %

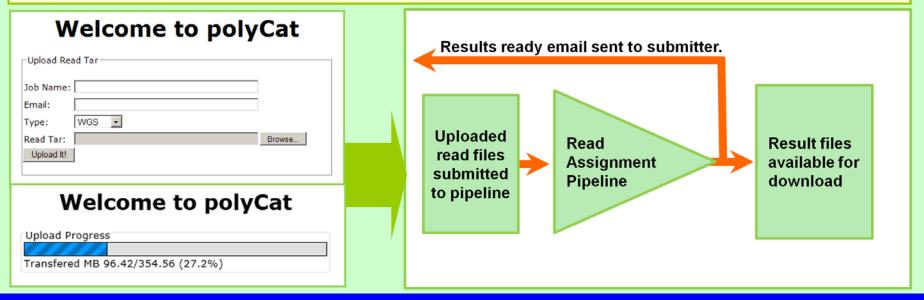


■ top 100 unif index ■ top 100 strength hvi % ■ top 100 elongation ■ top 100 seed index  any ▼ state any ▼ year									
	Name keyword:	all genotypes Search							
Show objects from 1 to 15 page 1, begins with 8839-3-10-2 ▼									
genotype	datasets	max lint yield	max lint %	max micronaire	max length uhm	max strength hvi			
8839-3-10-2	<u>GA:01</u>	1935	45.2	5.1	1.15	29.4			
ACSI Fibermax FM 958	MS:99	1877	40.3	5.3	1.18	33.4			
BCG 28 R	MS:04	1906	43	5.37	1.16	31.2			
BCG 28R	MS:03 NC:03 NC:04	1823	43	32.9	74	84.6			
DP 393	MS:04 MS:05	1934	43.8	5.13	1.19	33.53			
DP 432 RR	MS:04 MS:05	2212	42.07	5.3	1.17	31.5			
DP 434 RR	MS:04 MS:05	2027	44.39	5	1.22	29.38			
DP 444 BG/RR	MS:04 MS:05	2239	43.16	4.7	1.18	30.83			
DP 445 BG/RR	MS:04 MS:05	2054	43.48	5.13	1.2	32.67			
DP 449 BG/RR	MS:04 MS:05	2023	41.35	5.4	1.17	34.57			
DP 451 BG/RR	MS:04	1911	38.68	5.2	1.17	29.43			
DP 455 BG/RR	MS:04 MS:05 NC:04	2029	43.92	4.93	1.21	34.27			
DP 488 BG/RR	MS:04 MS:05	2284	43.25	5.4	1.21	33.3			
DP 491	MS:01 MS:04	2036	44.19	5.3	1.27	34.77			
DP 494 RR	MS:04 MS:05	1905	43.36	5.33	1.22	34.4			

Fiber quality and other related phenotypic data will become available for NILs, developed as aids to the functional analysis of fiber development. Database tools are being adapted to make this data easily searchable.

# Read categorization pipeline (in development)

**polyCat,** a Web accessible pipeline for accurately assigning duplicated reads to their respective reference genome, is being implemented at CEGC. Interfaces will allow users to submit read files to the pipeline for A/D genome assignment. Result files will be available for download.



## Acknowledgements

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