COTMAN Research

Directed Sampling to Improve Management Efficiency

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Quick-View Guide for When to Quit Cotton Insect Control *from* University of Arkansas Cooperative Extension MP 144.

1) Determine date of cutout using the earlier of date of NAWF=5 or Weather-restricted date (North AR: 8 Aug, Central AR: 14 Aug, South AR: 21 Aug)

2) Record daily heat units (DD60s) from Date of Cutout. (DD60s are calculated by subtracting 60 from the average daily temperature.)

Insect Pest	When to Quit Control of NEW Infestations
Tarnished Plant Bug	Cutout+250 DD60s
Bollworms & Tobacco Budworms	Cutout+350 DD60s
Stink Bugs	Cutout+450 DD60s
Fall Armyworms	Cutout+500 DD60s

Crop termination recommendations are based on long-standing and ongoing COTMAN research conducted by University of Arkansas Division of Agriculture scientists. Date of Cutout is the flow ering date of the last economically significant boll population. If a field reaches physiological cutout [average number of nodes above w hite flow er=5 (NAWF=5)] in late July or early August in Arkansas, then heat units are accumulated from the NAWF=5 date. Otherw ise, heat units are accumulated from a seasonal cutout date based on historical w eather for that production region. Typically, a boll needs 850 DD60s to mature with acceptable size and quality. The w eather-restricted, seasonal cutout date is the calendar date on w hich there is a 50% probability that the crop will have the benefit of late season temperatures sufficient to develop a mature boll. Seasonal cutout dates range across the state from August 8 in northernmost parts of Arkansas (Clay County) out to August 21 in the most southern portions of the state (Ashley County).

End of Season Management Insect Control

Identify flowering date of last effective boll population and track heat units



Crop Monitoring -- Maturity



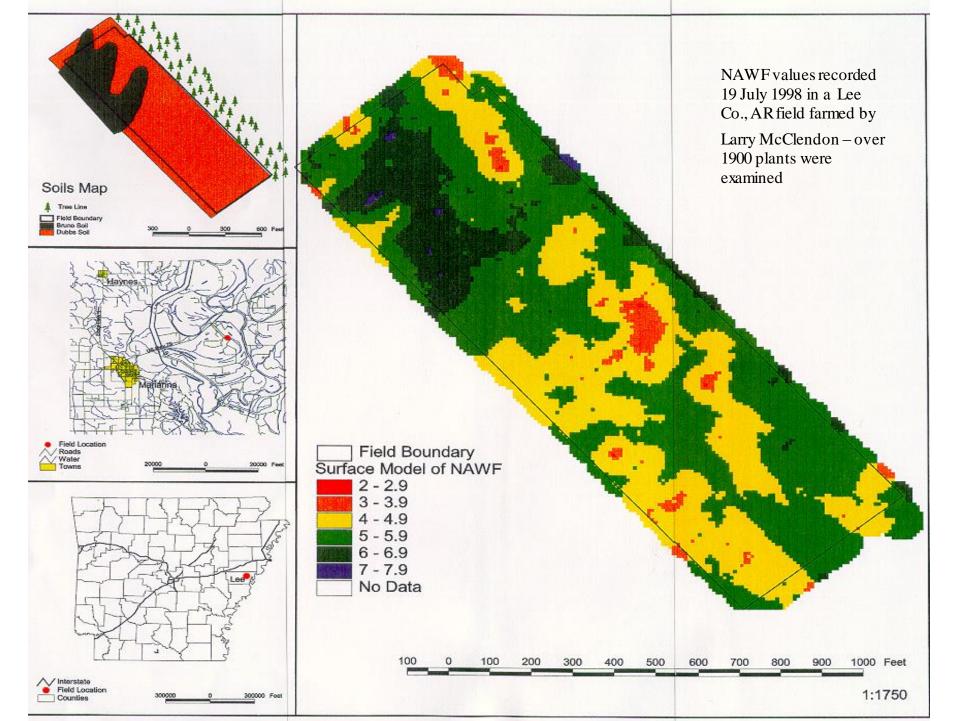
Late season decision making in a variable system

- Time Cutout date
- Space Soils, landscape, elevation, drainage

Spatial Variability



Whys of Where?



Crop Monitoring in spatially variable fields: field level management decisions→ site specific management

COTMAN -

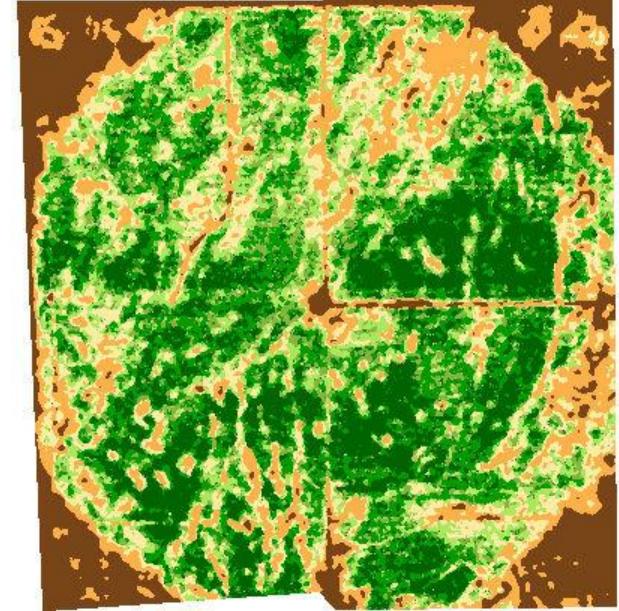
Tool to help us describe geographic distribution of cutout



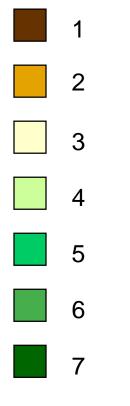
Field 40_41 Pivot Circle

Newly available application and spatial technologies may provide producers with the ability to make "just right" applications of pesticides, plant growth regulators and harvest aid materials in variable fields

84 DAP - 25 July

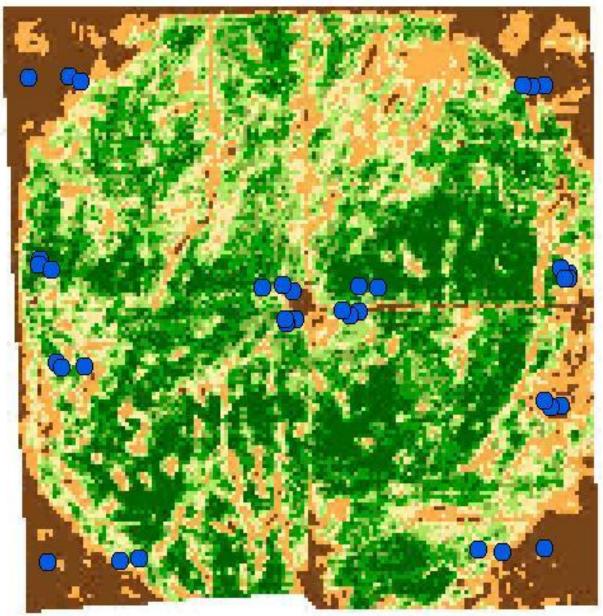


NDVI – In Time Biomass Classifications





Geo-Referenced Sample Points

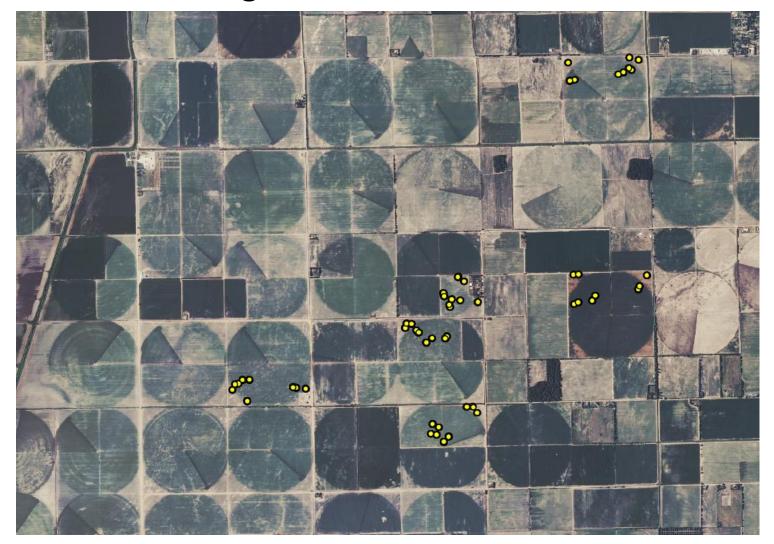


In the meantime ... Irrigated and Rainfed

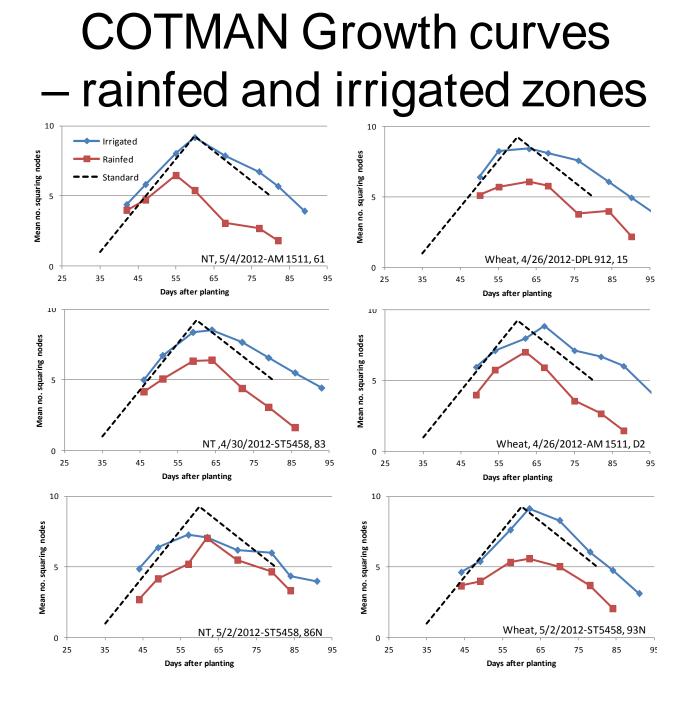
150 acres – 122 irrigated and 28 acres rainfed – 18%

Worthy of Zone Designation?

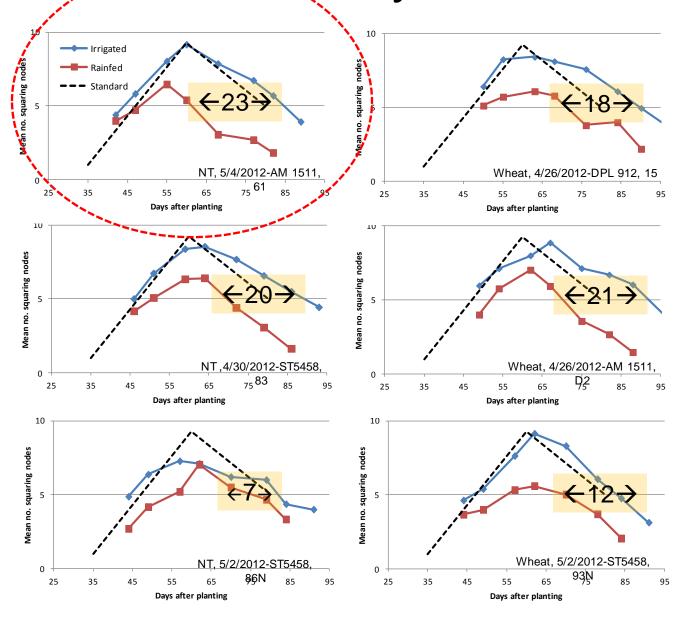
COTMAN monitoring in georeferenced sites – irrigated and rainfed zones



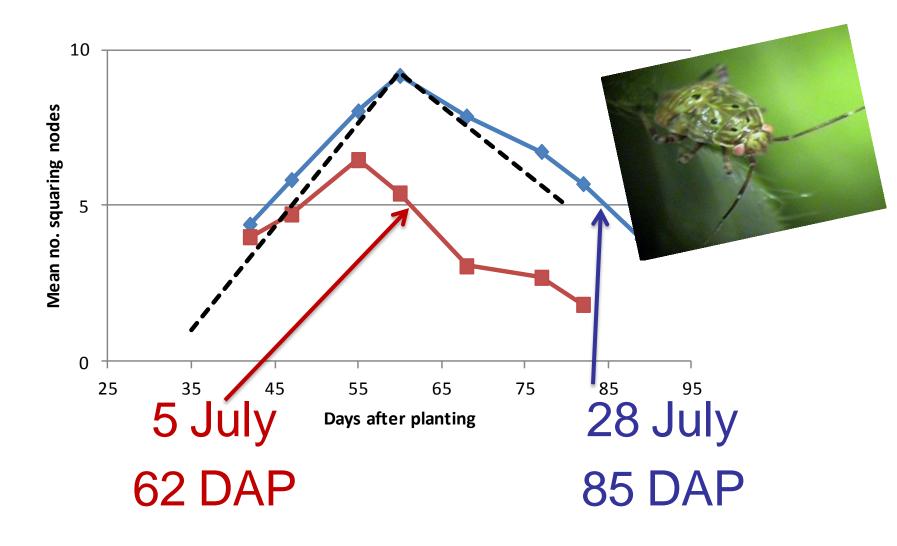
Wildy Farms 2010, 2011 and 2012



Difference in days to cutout?



Difference in days to cutout?



After Physiological Cutout

Irrigated +110 DD60s

Rainfed +653 DD60s

COTMAN FIELD REPORT for Irrigated Field 61 CUTOUT INFORMATION

Physiological Cutout (NAWF = 5):07/28 Days, Planting to NAWF = 5 :85 **HEAT UNIT TOTAL and THRESHOLD DATES** Heat unit total (to date 08/01): 110 calculated from NAWF = 5:07/28.

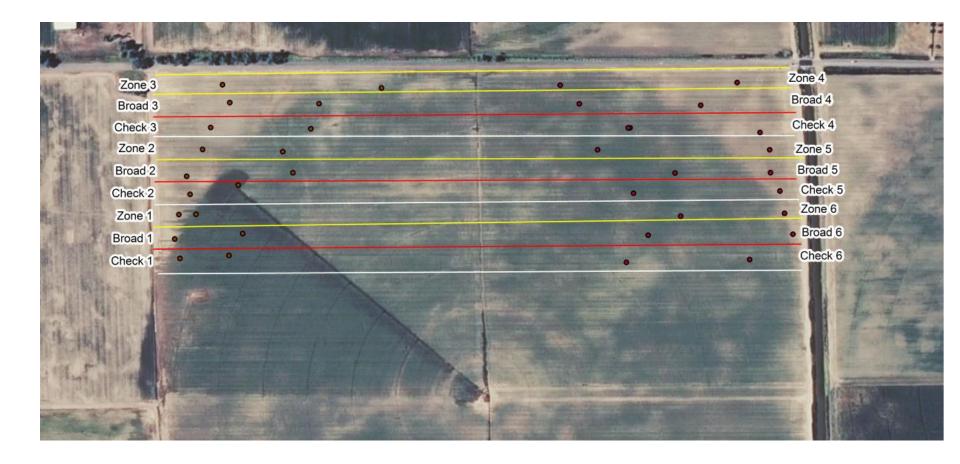
Heat Unit	Actual	Projected
Threshold	date	date
350		08/14
850		09/12

COTMAN FIELD REPORT for Rainfed Field 61 CUTOUT INFORMATION

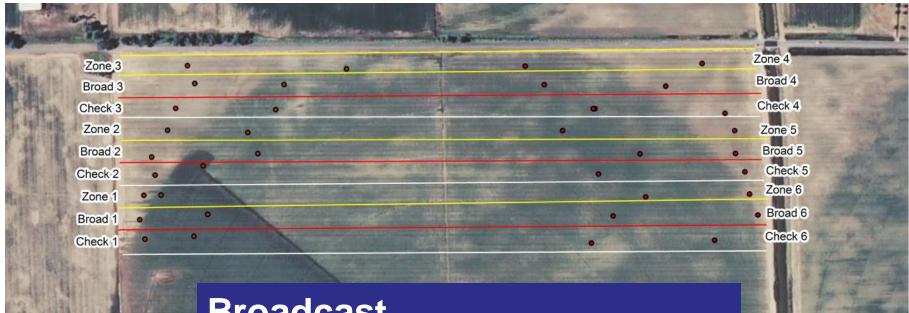
Physiological Cutout (NAWF = 5): 07/05 Days, Planting to NAWF = 5 : 62 **HEAT UNIT TOTAL and THRESHOLD DATES** Heat unit total (to date 08/04): 653 calculated from NAWF = 5: 07/05

Heat-bnit	Actual	Projected
Threshold	date	date
350 850	07/20 	

Zone Termination?



Insect Control Termination Comparisons – 3 treatments





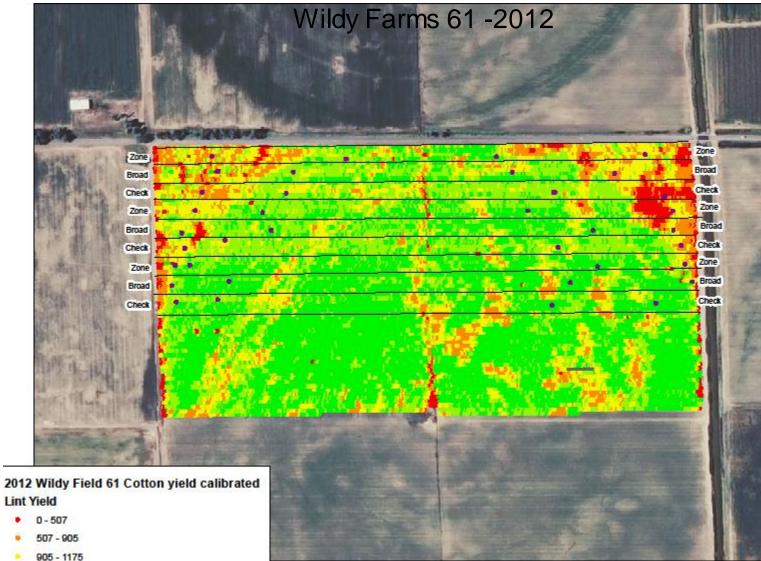
Broadcast Zone – rainfed not sprayed Check

TPB Counts Broadcast, Zone and Check

Mean no. plant bugs per drop at 4, 11 and 18 days after application of Bidrin & Bifenithrin on 2 August 2012, Wildy Farms, Leachville, AR.

Sample	Days after	Broadcast Insecticide		Zone Management		Check	
date	spray	rainfed	irrigated	rainfed	irrigated	rainfed	irrigated
1 Aug	-1	0	3.2	0.2	4.1	0.1	2.8
6 Aug	4	0	1.2	0.3	1.4	1.3	-3.3
11 Aug	9	0	3.2	1.0	4.8	0.3	30.5
18 Aug	16	0	6.9	1.0	8.2	1.0	25.5

Yield Monitor



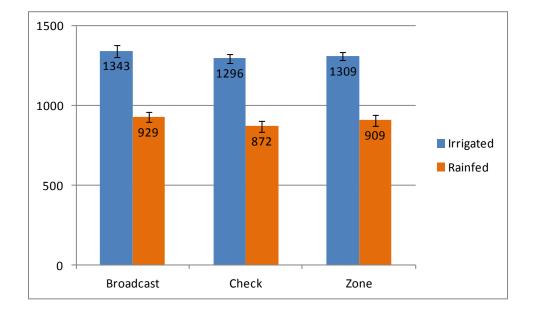
1175 - 1401 .

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Yields – zone termination

No yield differences among spray treatments

Zone - 18% reduction in spray costs compared to Broadcast



3 Year Avg Yield



Soil EC

Veris Soil Surveyor

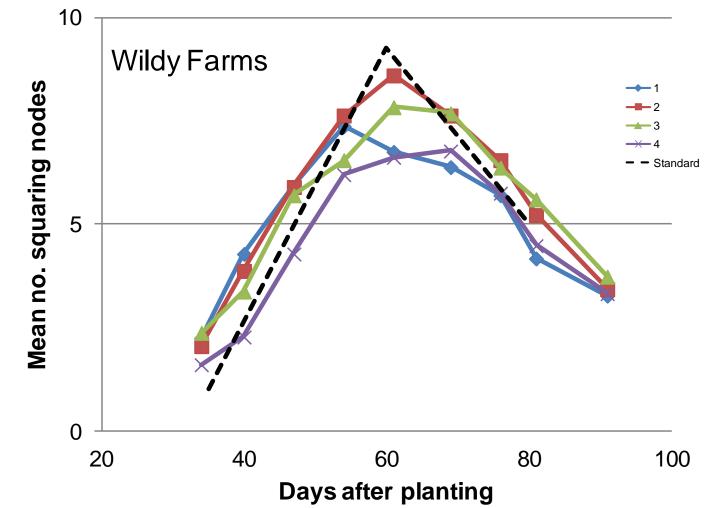


Low EC Sand

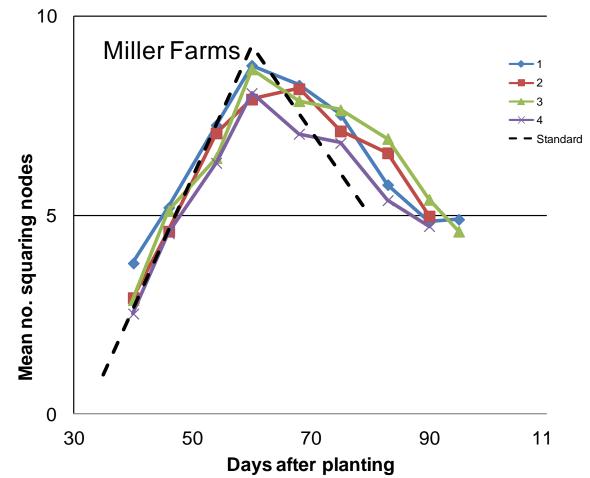
4 Soil EC based Management Zones



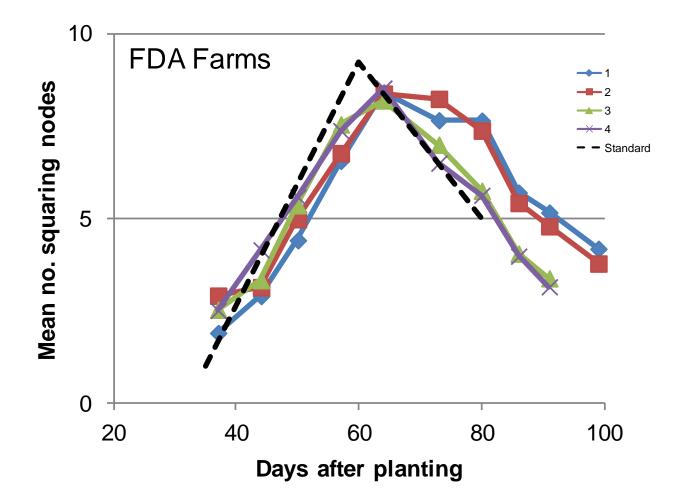
COTMAN Growth Curves 4 Soil EC Based Management Zones



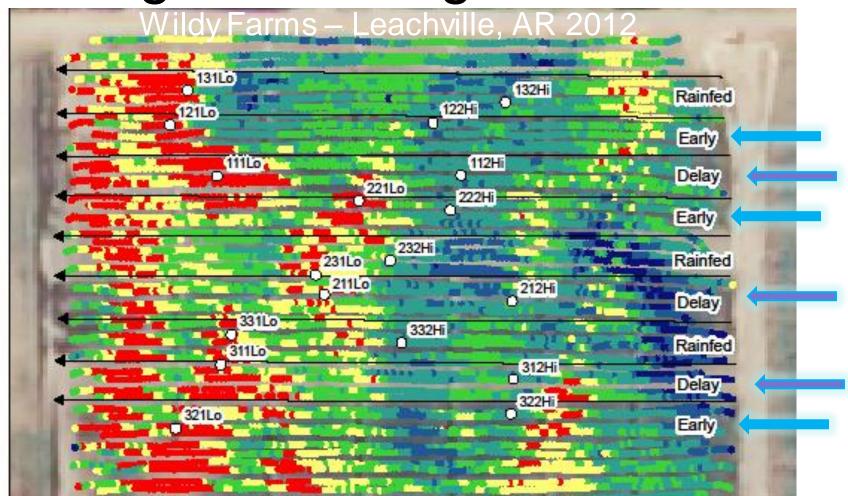
COTMAN Growth Curves 4 Soil EC Based Management Zones



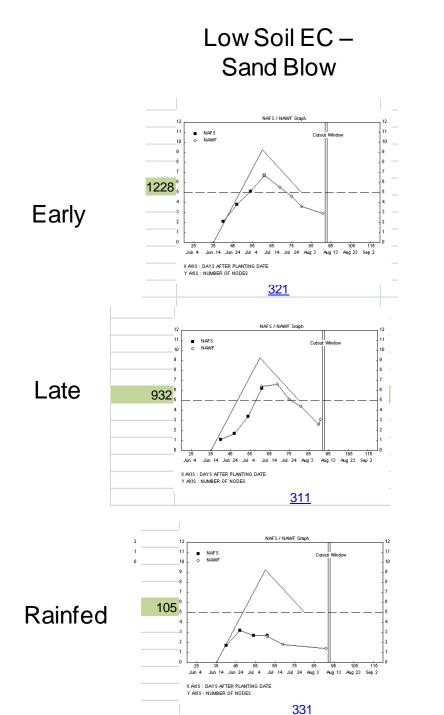
COTMAN Growth Curves 4 Soil EC Based Management Zones



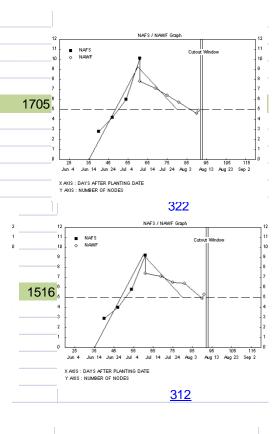
Small Plot Irrigation timing -Soil EC

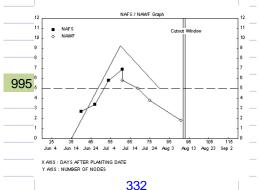


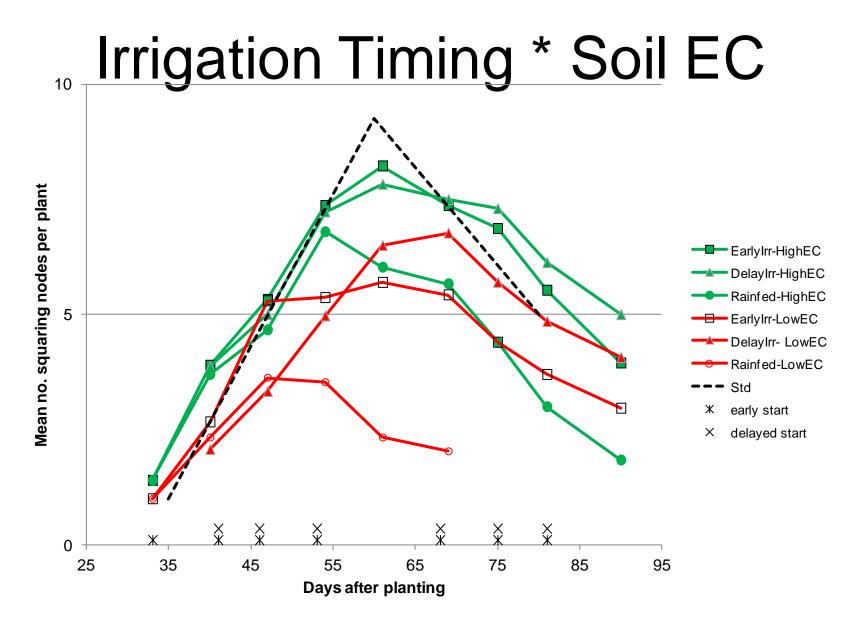
Early start 33 DAP and Late start 41 DAP



Sandy Loam

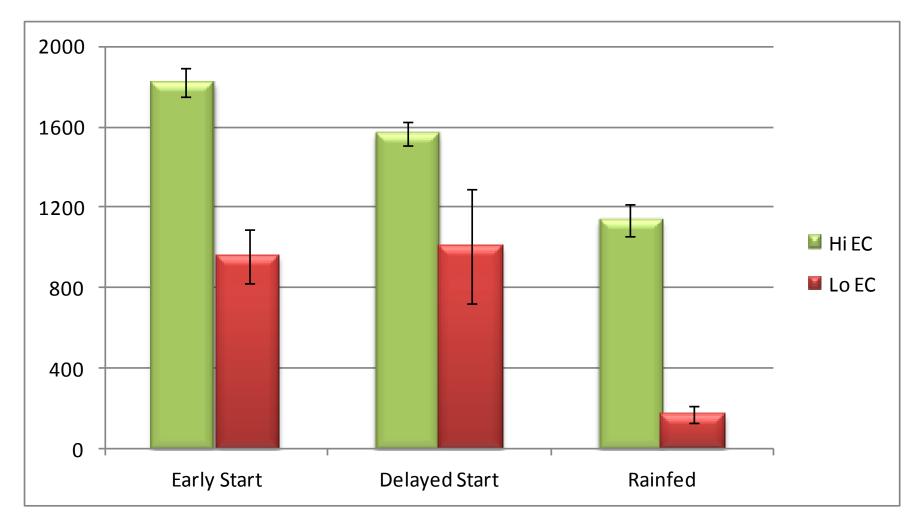




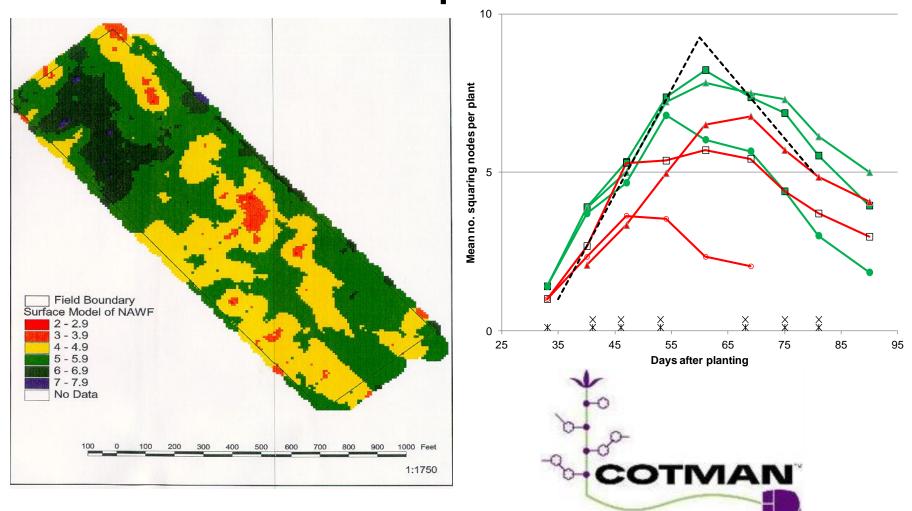


Early start 33 and Late start 41 DAP

Irrigation * Soil EC 2012 Yields



Where did you take the samples?



Acknowledgments



Wildy Family Farms – David Wildy, Justin Wildy, Paul Harris Miller Farms – Gordon Miller FDA Farms – Danny Finch and Brandon Finch Crop Advisors - Dale Wells, Les Goodson, Greg Smith, Jim Kimbrough Greenway Equipment – Ryan Moore UA Program Technicians - Kamella Neeley, Erin Kelly Dr. Keith Morris – Arkansas State University - Precision Agriculture

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