Spider Mites: A Persistent Problem in Mid-South Cotton

2008 Crop Management Seminar Cotton Incorporated November 12, 2008

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(QUOTE FROM 2006) Spider Mites "The Insecticide Budget **Busters of Cotton Production** in the Mid-South" STILL TRUE IN 2008!

UC Statewide (PM Project © 2000 Regents, University of Balifornia

Trends in Spider Mite Treatments in Mississippi (Acres Treated)



Mid-South *Spider Mite* Control Costs - 2004



Mid-South *Spider Mite* Control Costs - 2007



2007 Mississippi Cotton Insect Losses





Twospotted Spider Mite Biology

- Egg, larval (3 pair of legs), two nymphal stages, adult
- Generation time is highly temperature dependent
- Lay ~100 eggs in 2-4-week lifespan
- Multiple overlapping generations per year
- Adults overwinter in leaf litter or debris
- Become active in early-spring



Spider mites feed on the underside of leaves puncturing epidermal cells, reducing photosynthesis



Early-Season Damage



Late Season Damage

Possible Factors Contributing to Increased Frequency of Spider Mite Outbreaks in the South

- Delayed burndown/Field Border Management
- Hot and Dry Conditions
- Beneficial Insect Reduction (Flaring)
- Increased use of Insecticide Seed Treatments vs. Temik?
- Resistance

Impact of Spring Burndown Timing on Mite Outbreaks 4/3/08 – Date of First Burndown



Impact of Spring Burndown Timing on Mite Outbreaks 5/8/08 – at-planting



Impact of Spring Burndown Timing on Mite Outbreaks

Number Mites/Leaf in Cotton



Avoid the "Green Bridge"

Yield Effects of Spring Burndown



Lb Lint / Acre

Seed Treatments





Materials and Methods

- Cotton infested from 1st to 4th true leaf
- Bean leaves w/ mites stapled to cotton cotyledons
- Uppermost full-size leaf examined with a microscope for mites/eggs at ~7 and 14 DAI
- 4-6 reps, 5-10 plants/plot
- 5 trials conducted in 2007
 2 trials conducted in 2008



Effect of Seed Treatments, Temik and Foliar Insecticides on Mites

Starkville, MS - June 2008.

Number of Immature Mites/Leaf.



Effect of Seed Treatments, Temik and Foliar Insecticides on Mites

Starkville, MS - June 2008 Visual Rating of Mite Injury (1-10, 10=best)



Number of Times That Each Treatment Had the Greatest Number of Mites or Eggs in Each Test or Sampling Date

Treatment	Mites	Eggs
Untreated	2	0
Neonicotinoid	6	3
Temik	1	1

*Trends - Only 2 trials had significant differences

YIELD IMPACT

Greenwood – Non Irrigated



Yield of Damaged and Undamaged Cotton Dryland Field – Greenwood



Yield of Damaged and Undamaged Cotton Irrigated Field - Tchula



Cotton yield loss from infesting mites beginning at first bloom then at 200 HU intervals thereafter

Yield Effects from Spider Mite Infestation



Summary

- Winter Weed
 Management
- Seed Treatments
- Yield Loss



Questions?

Special Thanks



